

## Homework of Week 5

**Deadline: 9:00am, November 24(Sunday), 2019**

1. Consider the probability that every bin receives exactly one ball when  $n$  balls are thrown randomly into  $n$  bins.
  - Give an upper bound on this probability using the condition-free Poisson approximation.
  - Determine the exact probability of this event.
2. Let  $X_1, \dots, X_n$  be independent and identically distributed Poisson random variables and  $X = \sum_{i=1}^n X_i$ . Let  $\mathcal{E}$  be the event that all  $X_i$ 's are nonzero. Prove that  $\Pr(\mathcal{E}|X = k)$  increases with  $k$ .
3. Let  $X_1, \dots, X_n$  be independent and identically distributed Poisson random variables and  $X = \sum_{i=1}^n X_i$ . Let  $\mathcal{E}$  be the event that all  $X_i$ 's are nonzero. Prove that  $\lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} \Pr(\mathcal{E}|X = m + \sqrt{2m \ln m}) - \Pr(\mathcal{E}|X = m - \sqrt{2m \ln m}) = 0$  where  $m = n \ln n$ .
4. Do Bernoulli experiment for 20 trials, using a new 1-Yuan coin. Record the result in a string  $s_1 s_2 \dots s_i \dots s_{20}$ , where  $s_i$  is 1 if the  $i^{\text{th}}$  trial gets Head, and otherwise is 0.